

## Data Sources

### American Community Survey (ACS)

**Description:** This dataset consists of U.S. population statistics compiled by the U.S. Census Bureau during the decennial censuses of 2000 and 2010 and American Community Survey (ACS) 5 years data for 2006-2010, 2007-2011, 2008-2012, 2009-2013, 2010-2014, and 2011-2015. This data provides population counts, housing characteristics, and income and poverty information for the major age, racial, and ethnic groups. The information covers the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and the U.S. territory of Puerto Rico. Data are available in a hierarchical sequence of summary levels down to the census tract for many of the tabulations (where available). Data are summarized at one or more of the following geographic levels: State / State Equivalent; County / County Equivalent; Census Tract; County Subdivision (Minor Civil Division, Census County Division, Township, Borough, Sub-Borough as appropriate); Metropolitan Statistical Area; and Congressional District.

**Purpose:** This dataset was assembled and included in the HRSA Data Warehouse (HDW) in order to provide context for HRSA activities, and to provide input data for the analytical responsibilities of HRSA.

**Update Frequency:** Annually

**Usage Limitations:** These data are free to use in a product or publication, however acknowledgement must be given to the U.S. Census Bureau as the source.

**Originator:** U.S. Census Bureau

**Distributor:** Health Resources and Services Administration

**Metadata Update Date:** 03/10/2017

## Data Sources

### Area Health Education Centers (AHECs) - Programs and Centers

<b>Description:</b>	This dataset provides a listing of universities that have health education center programs available to assist with federally-funded programs for recruitment, training, and retaining of healthcare professionals committed to serving in underserved populations.
<b>Purpose:</b>	The purpose of the Area Health Education Center (AHEC) data set is to increase the transparency the AHEC program support of health careers by making information about the infrastructure development and point of service maintenance and enhancement grants and the supported by HRSA grants available to the public.
<b>Update Frequency:</b>	Annually
<b>Usage Limitations:</b>	None
<b>Originator:</b>	HRSA, Bureau of Health Workforce (BHW), Office of Health Careers
<b>Distributor:</b>	Health Resources and Services Administration
<b>Metadata Update Date:</b>	05/01/2016

## Data Sources

### Area Health Resources Files (AHRF)

**Description:** This dataset provides current as well as historic data for more than 6,000 variables for each of the nation's counties, as well as state and national data. It contains information on health facilities, health professions, measures of resource scarcity, health status, economic activity, health training programs, and socioeconomic and environmental characteristics. In addition, the basic file contains geographic codes and descriptors which enable it to be linked to many other files and to aggregate counties into various geographic groupings. The Area Health Resources Files (AHRF) data are designed to be used by planners, policymakers, researchers, and others interested in the nation's health care delivery system and factors that may impact health status and health care in the United States. The AHRF data includes county, state, and national-level files in eight broad areas: Health Care Professions, Health Facilities, Population Characteristics, Economics, Health Professions Training, Hospital Utilization, Hospital Expenditures, and Environment. The AHRF data are obtained from more than 60 sources. The AHRF has county, state, and national level files from the HRSA, Bureau of Health Workforce (BHW) available for download.

**Purpose:** The purpose of the Area Health Resources Files (AHRF) data set is to provide a broad perspective on the health resources available from a state and national perspective.

**Update Frequency:** Annually

**Usage Limitations:** None

**Originator:** HRSA, Bureau of Health Workforce (BHW), National Center for Health Workforce Analysis (NCHWA)

**Distributor:** Health Resources and Services Administration

**Metadata Update Date:** 07/24/2015

## Data Sources

### Census 2010 Summary File 1

<b>Description:</b>	This dataset consists of population statistics from the U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 Census Summary File 1 (gender, age, race, and ethnicity at a variety of summary levels).
<b>Purpose:</b>	This dataset was assembled and included in the HRSA Data Warehouse in order to provide context for HRSA's activities, and to provide input data for HRSA's analytical activities.
<b>Update Frequency:</b>	None planned
<b>Usage Limitations:</b>	These data are free to use in a product or publication, however acknowledgement must be given to the U.S. Census Bureau as the source.
<b>Originator:</b>	U.S. Census Bureau
<b>Distributor:</b>	Health Resources and Services Administration
<b>Metadata Update Date:</b>	12/02/2011

## Data Sources

### Census Tracts

<b>Description:</b>	This dataset contains the geographic regions defined by the U. S. Census Bureau for the purpose of taking a census. Census tracts represent the smallest territorial unit for which population data are available; they are relatively permanent subdivisions of a county and are uniquely numbered in each county with a numeric code. Census tracts average about 4,000 inhabitants.
<b>Purpose:</b>	This dataset was assembled and included in the HRSA Data Warehouse (HDW) in order to provide context for current HRSA activities and to provide geographic data supporting the analytical responsibilities of HRSA. The HDW provides free data and tools to the public which allow users to interact with data in charts, tables/reports, maps, and tools.
<b>Update Frequency:</b>	As Required
<b>Usage Limitations:</b>	The Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing (TIGER)/Line Shapefile products are not copyrighted however TIGER/Line and Census TIGER are registered trademarks of the U.S. Census Bureau. These products are free to use in a product or publication, however acknowledgement must be given to the U.S. Census Bureau as the source. The boundary information in the TIGER/Line Shapefiles are for statistical data collection and tabulation purposes only; their depiction and designation for statistical purposes does not constitute a determination of jurisdictional authority or rights of ownership or entitlement and they are not legal land descriptions. Coordinates in the TIGER/Line shapefiles have six implied decimal places, but the positional accuracy of these coordinates is not as great as the six decimal places suggest.
<b>Originator:</b>	U.S. Census Bureau
<b>Distributor:</b>	Health Resources and Services Administration
<b>Metadata Update Date:</b>	07/28/2017

## Data Sources

### CMS Healthcare Cost Report (HCRIS) File

**Description:** The Healthcare Cost Report (HCRIS) File prepared by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) reports the operating costs for different types of Medicare reimbursable facilities, such as Prospective Payment System (PPS) hospitals, Sole Community Hospitals, etc. In order to accommodate shortages of healthcare professionals in rural areas, Medicare has regulatory provisions that better enable rural Prospective Payment System (PPS) hospitals that have not previously trained medical residents to qualify for Medicare Graduate Medical Education (GME) payments. Studies have shown that residents trained in rural settings are more likely to continue practicing in rural areas. This dataset is used to publish the CMS Medicare payment data to hospitals in support of GME training.

**Purpose:** The HRSA, Federal Office of Rural Health Policy (FORHP) has determined a means of determining whether rural PPS hospitals have not previously incurred residency training costs using Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) cost report data. Due to the cumbersome method required to extract the relevant information from the CMS cost reports, FORHP tasked the HRSA Data Warehouse with developing a process to assemble and analyze the data for potential grantee applicants to quickly and easily determine whether hospitals had incurred training costs and were rurally located. This will improve efficiency for HRSA staff and rural hospitals, State Offices of Rural Health, Primary Care Organizations, and other stakeholders interested in expanding rural graduate medical education to reduce physician shortages in rural areas.

**Update Frequency:** Quarterly

**Usage Limitations:** None

**Originator:** Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), Healthcare Cost Report Information System (HCRIS)

**Distributor:** Health Resources and Services Administration

**Metadata Update Date:** 06/05/2016

## Data Sources

### CMS Provider of Services (POS) File

**Description:** The Provider of Services data extract from the Quality Improvement Evaluation System (QIES) database is maintained by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS). These data include provider number, name, and address and characterize the participating institutional provider (including hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, home health agencies, and other types of facilities). The data are collected through the CMS Regional Offices. The file contains an individual record for each Medicare-approved provider and is updated quarterly.

**Purpose:** The CMS "Provider of Service" data are included in the HRSA Data Warehouse because this is the most readily-obtainable data on various classes of health care facilities, such as hospitals, hospices, rural health clinics, and Federally-Qualified Health Center Look-Alikes, all of which are of interest to HRSA.

**Update Frequency:** Quarterly

**Usage Limitations:** None

**Originator:** Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), Quality Improvement Evaluation System (QIES)

**Distributor:** Health Resources and Services Administration

**Metadata Update Date:** 05/15/2015

## Data Sources

### Congressional Districts

**Description:** These data identify boundaries for the current U.S. Congressional districts. The HRSA Data Warehouse updates the boundaries following any changes made by the Census Bureau.

**Purpose:** This dataset was created to enable display and analysis of HRSA data in the context of which legislative district(s) the activity takes place. This data mart consists of data and information identifying the boundaries for the current U.S. Congressional districts. The U.S. Congressional districts are represented by a congressman or congresswoman, each of these representatives is elected to a two-year term serving the people of a specific congressional district. The U.S. Census Bureau conducts a decennial census whose figures are used to determine the number of congressional districts within each state. The boundaries of all other U.S. Congressional districts are provided to the U.S. Census Bureau through the Redistricting Data Program (RDP). The number of voting representatives in the U.S. House of Representatives is fixed by law at no more than 435, proportionally representing the population as determined by the census conducted every ten years (each state is entitled to at least one Representative). The U.S. House of Representatives data has boundaries for representatives from the 435 congressional districts, 6 for the non-voting delegates, and 4 for the territories that have no representation. The non-voting delegates represent the District of Columbia and the five territories of American Samoa, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands, Puerto Rico (whose delegate is called Resident Commissioner), and U.S. Virgin Islands. The territories with no representation are Federated States of Micronesia, Marshall Islands, Republic of Palau, and U.S. Minor Islands.

**Update Frequency:** As Required

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**Originator:** U.S. Census Bureau

**Distributor:** Health Resources and Services Administration

**Metadata Update Date:** 07/28/2017



## Data Sources

### Congressional Representatives and Senators

**Description:** This dataset provides congressional representatives and senators names, states that they represent, congressional districts, and representatives website addresses.

**Purpose:** This data is made available to ensure that HRSA Data Warehouse (HDW) products accurately portray the status of the U.S. House of Representatives and U.S. Senate legislative districts. The data is accurate at the time of publication. This data mart consists of information identifying Members of the U.S. House of Representatives and Members of the U.S. Senate and associated geographic boundary for accurate association of HRSA data to the representative districts. The U.S. Congress is the bicameral legislature of the U.S. federal government consisting of chambers the U.S. Senate and the U.S. House of Representatives. The House data has records for representatives from the 435 congressional districts, 6 for the non-voting delegates, and 4 for the territories that have no representation. The non-voting delegates represent the District of Columbia and the five territories of American Samoa, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands, Puerto Rico (whose delegate is called Resident Commissioner), and U.S. Virgin Islands. The territories with no representation are Federated States of Micronesia, Marshall Islands, Republic of Palau, and U.S. Minor Islands. The Senate data has the 100 senators, 2 for each state.

**Update Frequency:** Monthly

**Usage Limitations:** None

**Originator:** Office of the Clerk, U.S. Capitol and Office of the Secretary, U.S. Senate

**Distributor:** Health Resources and Services Administration

**Metadata Update Date:** 07/28/2017

## Data Sources

### Counties

**Description:** This dataset contains the geographic boundaries for U. S. counties.

**Purpose:** This dataset was assembled and included in the HRSA Data Warehouse (HDW) in order to provide context for current HRSA activities and to provide geographic data supporting the analytical responsibilities of HRSA. The HDW provides free data and tools to the public which allow users to interact with data in charts, tables/reports, maps, and tools.

**Update Frequency:** As Required

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**Originator:** U.S. Census Bureau

**Distributor:** Health Resources and Services Administration

**Metadata Update Date:** 07/28/2017

## Data Sources

### FORHP Rural Areas

**Description:** These data identify geographic boundaries defined as rural.

There are two major definitions which the Federal government uses to identify the rural status of an area. The first is from the U.S. Census Bureau which identifies two types of urban areas, Urbanized Areas (UAs) of 50,000 or more people and Urban Clusters (UCs) of at least 2,500 and less than 50,000 people. Since the U.S. Census Bureau does not explicitly classify areas as rural, rural is defined as "encompassing all population, housing, and territory not included within an urban area (those areas not identified as UC or UA)". In the 2010 Census, 19.3% of the population was rural while over 95% of the land area is still classified as rural. The second is from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) which designates counties as Metropolitan, Micropolitan, or Neither. An OMB Metropolitan area contains a core urban area of 50,000 or more population, and a Micropolitan area contains an urban core of at least 10,000 (but less than 50,000) population. All counties that are not part of a Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) are considered rural.

There are measurement challenges with both the U.S. Census Bureau and OMB definitions. Some policy experts note that the U.S. Census Bureau definition classifies quite a bit of suburban area as rural. The OMB definition includes rural areas in Metropolitan counties. Consequently, one could argue that the Census Bureau standard includes an over count of rural population whereas the OMB standard represents an undercount of the rural population.

HRSA's Federal Office of Rural Health Policy (FORHP) accepts all non-metro counties as rural and uses an additional method of determining rural status called the Rural-Urban Commuting Area (RUCA) codes. Like the MSAs, these are based on Census data which is used to assign a code to each Census Tract. Tracts inside Metropolitan counties with the codes 4-10 are considered rural. While use of the RUCA codes has allowed identification of rural census tracts in Metropolitan counties, among the more than 60,000 tracts in the U.S. there are some that are extremely large and where use of RUCA codes alone fails to account for distance to services and sparse population. In response to these concerns, FORHP has designated 132 large area census tracts with RUCA codes 2 or 3 as rural. These tracts are at least 400 square miles in area with a population density of no more than 35 people. The ORHP definition includes about 18% of the population and 85% of the area of the USA. RUCA codes represent the current version of the Goldsmith Modification.

**Purpose:** The rural areas spatial dataset is assembled to provide supplemental visual and analytical context information for activities related to rural health care in the HRSA Data Warehouse. This data provides much needed information to meet mission goals of specific bureaus, offices, divisions, and branches within HRSA.

**Update Frequency:** As Required

**Usage Limitations:** None

**Originator:** HRSA, Federal Office of Rural Health Policy (FORHP)

**Distributor:** Health Resources and Services Administration

**Metadata Update Date:** 07/28/2017

## Data Sources

### Health Center Controlled Networks

**Description:** This dataset identifies groups of health centers working together to address operational and clinical challenges related to the use of health information technology (HIT). Health Center Controlled Networks (HCCN) are networks of safety net providers who ensure access to health care for the medically underserved populations through the enhancement of health center operations, including health information technology. Within the networks, individual health centers work together to share resources, leverage buying power, enhance access to information, promote guidelines on best practices, and provide support for achieving quality of care and operational goals. Networks support member health centers in their shared mission to provide comprehensive, culturally competent, quality primary healthcare services to medically underserved communities and vulnerable populations.

**Purpose:** This data set was compiled to increase transparency into the Health Center Controlled Network (HCCN) grant program and active grantees. The data set provides contact information to the public or organizations interested in joining a network, or finding out more about a particular Electronic Health Record (EHR)/Practice Management System (PMS) vendor or software product.

**Update Frequency:** Daily

**Usage Limitations:** None

**Originator:** HRSA, Bureau of Primary Health Care (BPHC), Office of Quality Improvement (OQI), Strategic Partnerships Division (SPD)

**Distributor:** Health Resources and Services Administration

**Metadata Update Date:** 04/03/2016

## Data Sources

### Health Center Service Delivery Sites (HCSD)

**Description:** This dataset provides a list of federally-funded health centers that provide health services. For more than 40 years, Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA)-supported health centers have provided comprehensive, culturally competent, quality primary health care services to medically underserved communities and vulnerable populations. Health centers are community-based and consumer-run organizations that serve populations with limited access to health care. These include low-income populations, the uninsured, those with limited English proficiency, migratory and seasonal agricultural workers, individuals and families experiencing homelessness, and those living in public housing.

**Purpose:** The purpose of the HRSA Health Center Service Delivery Sites data set is to increase the transparency the HRSA Health Center Cluster grant program by making information about the health centers supported by HRSA grants and health center look-alikes available to the public.

**Update Frequency:** Daily

**Usage Limitations:** None

**Originator:** HRSA, Bureau of Primary Health Care (BPHC)

**Distributor:** Health Resources and Services Administration

**Metadata Update Date:** 11/18/2016

## Data Sources

### Health Professional Shortage Areas (HPSA)

**Description:** These data provide areas designated by HRSA as having shortages of primary care, dental care, or mental health providers. HRSA's Bureau of Health Workforce (BHW) develops shortage designation criteria and uses them to decide whether or not a geographic area or population group is a Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), Medically Underserved Area (MUA), or Medically Underserved Population (MUP). More than 34 federal programs depend on HPSA/MUA/MUP designations to determine eligibility or as a funding preference. About 20 percent of the U.S. population resides in primary medical care HPSAs. HPSAs may have shortages of primary medical care, dental, or mental health providers; may be urban or rural areas; population groups; or medical or other public facilities.

**Purpose:** The purpose of the Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA) data set is to increase transparency into the HRSA shortage designation processes and identify the areas of health professional shortage in the U.S. by making the detailed HPSA information available free to the public.

**Update Frequency:** Daily

**Usage Limitations:** None

**Originator:** HRSA, Bureau of Health Workforce (BHW), Division of Policy and Shortage Designation (DPSD)

**Distributor:** Health Resources and Services Administration

**Metadata Update Date:** 01/04/2016

## Data Sources

### HHS Regions

<b>Description:</b>	These data identify the boundaries of the ten U.S. Department of Health & Human Services (HHS) Regions.
<b>Purpose:</b>	This dataset was created to enable the display of HHS region outlines as distinct entities on a map.
<b>Update Frequency:</b>	As Required
<b>Usage Limitations:</b>	None
<b>Originator:</b>	U.S. Department of Health & Human Services (HHS), Office of Intergovernmental and External Affairs (OIEA)
<b>Distributor:</b>	Health Resources and Services Administration
<b>Metadata Update Date:</b>	07/28/2017

## Data Sources

### HRSA Grants

<b>Description:</b>	The Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) awards over 90 percent of its appropriated funds through grants. The purpose of these grants is to assure access to essential health care for underserved populations and eliminate health disparities. Each year, HRSA makes over 6,000 individual grant awards. The HRSA grants data is extracted from the HRSA Electronic Handbooks (EHB) which is the information system that tracks the day-to-day transactions associated with HRSA's grant business.
<b>Purpose:</b>	The purpose of the Grant Award Data Set is to increase the transparency of the grant application and award process by making summary information on HRSA's awarded grants data available to the public.
<b>Update Frequency:</b>	Daily
<b>Usage Limitations:</b>	None
<b>Originator:</b>	HRSA Electronic Handbooks (EHB)
<b>Distributor:</b>	Health Resources and Services Administration
<b>Metadata Update Date:</b>	07/12/2014



## Data Sources

### Indian Lands and Native Entities

**Description:** These data identify the boundaries for over 300 Tribal entities in the contiguous U.S. and another 300 plus Alaska Native Entities.

**Purpose:** This dataset was assembled and included in the HRSA Data Warehouse (HDW) in order to provide context for current HRSA activities with regard to Indian lands and native entities, and to provide data supporting the analytical responsibilities of HRSA. The HDW provides free data and tools to the public which allow users to interact with data in charts, tables/reports, maps, and tools.

**Update Frequency:** As Required

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**Originator:** U.S. Census Bureau

**Distributor:** Health Resources and Services Administration

**Metadata Update Date:** 06/16/2017

## Data Sources

### MCHB Grant Abstracts

<b>Description:</b>	This dataset contains the Grant Abstract details from the Maternal and Child Health Bureau's Discretionary Grant Information System (DGIS) for projects funded in 2013, 2014 and 2015.
<b>Purpose:</b>	The purpose of the Maternal and Child Health Workforce Development data set is to standardize and summarize the program information to support charts which program is presenting to represent the impact of the program across the nation.
<b>Update Frequency:</b>	Annually
<b>Usage Limitations:</b>	None
<b>Originator:</b>	HRSA, Maternal and Child Health Bureau (MCH), Division of MCH Workforce Development (DMCHWD)
<b>Distributor:</b>	Health Resources and Services Administration
<b>Metadata Update Date:</b>	07/28/2017

## Data Sources

### Medically Underserved Areas/Populations (MUA/P)

**Description:** These data provide geographic areas and populations with a lack of access to primary care health services. Medically Underserved Areas (MUAs) may be a whole county or a group of contiguous counties, a group of county or civil divisions or a group of urban census tracts in which residents have a shortage of personal health services. Medically Underserved Populations (MUPs) may include groups of persons who face economic, cultural or linguistic barriers to health care. HRSA's Bureau of Health Workforce develops shortage designation criteria and uses them to decide whether or not a geographic area or population group is a MUA or MUP.

**Purpose:** The purpose of the Medically Underserved Area/Population (MUA/P) data set is to increase transparency into the HRSA shortage designation processes and identify the areas of health professional shortage in the U.S. by making the detailed MUA/P information available free to the public.

**Update Frequency:** Daily

**Usage Limitations:** None

**Originator:** HRSA, Bureau of Health Workforce (BHW), Division of Policy and Shortage Designation (DPSD)

**Distributor:** Health Resources and Services Administration

**Metadata Update Date:** 12/18/2015

## Data Sources

### Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSA)

**Description:** This dataset shows the delineation of metropolitan statistical areas and related statistical areas delineated by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) since February 2013, including the most recent July 2015 delineations. A metropolitan statistical area's geographic composition, or list of geographic components at a particular point in time, is referred to as its "delineation." Metropolitan statistical areas delineated by OMB are the result of the application of published standards to Census Bureau data. The standards for delineating the areas are reviewed and revised once every ten years, prior to each decennial census. Generally, the areas are delineated using the most recent set of standards following each decennial census. Between censuses, the delineations are updated to reflect Census Bureau population estimates. Areas based on the 2010 standards and Census Bureau data were delineated in February of 2013, and updated in July of 2015.

**Purpose:** The MSA data are included in the HRSA Data Warehouse for Medicare Telehealth Payment Eligibility analyzer, and Rural health Grant Eligibility analyzer. The MSA data is also available on the MapTool for users to generate custom maps using other HRSA's data.

**Update Frequency:** ---

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**Originator:** U.S. Census Bureau

**Distributor:** Health Resources and Services Administration

**Metadata Update Date:** 07/28/2017

## Data Sources

### Migrant and Seasonal Head Start Center

**Description:** This dataset includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of Migrant and Seasonal Head Start Centers available via the HRSA Data Warehouse Find a Migrant and Seasonal Head Start Center locator tool. Migrant & Seasonal Head Start (MSHS) is a federally funded program that provides comprehensive Head Start services, child development/school readiness, social and health (including nutrition, oral health and mental wellness) services to low-income families working in agriculture, or families who migrate for the purpose of working in agriculture.

**Purpose:** The HRSA, Office of Special Population Health (OSPH) shares many priorities with the migrant and seasonal farm workers populations, including, but not limited to, increasing access to primary health care services for migrant and seasonal farm worker families, and, particularly, dental services for migrant children; reducing the burden of disease on the migrant and seasonal farm worker population; increasing health professional workforce development; increasing health information technology investments in migrant health center facilities; and improving access to funding and grant opportunities.

**Update Frequency:** As Required

**Usage Limitations:** None

**Originator:** National Migrant & Seasonal Head Start Collaboration Office (NMSHSCO)

**Distributor:** Health Resources and Services Administration

**Metadata Update Date:** 05/01/2016

## Data Sources

### Minor Civil Divisions (MCD)

**Description:** This dataset contains primary governmental and/or administrative subdivisions of a county that are legally incorporated municipal corporations within the state.

**Purpose:** This dataset was assembled and included in the HRSA Data Warehouse (HDW) in order to provide context for current HRSA activities and to provide geographic data supporting the analytical responsibilities of HRSA. The HDW provides free data and tools to the public which allow users to interact with data in charts, tables/reports, maps, and tools.

**Update Frequency:** As Required

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**Originator:** U.S. Census Bureau

**Distributor:** Health Resources and Services Administration

**Metadata Update Date:** 07/28/2017

## Data Sources

### National Health Service Corps (NHSC) Awards

**Description:** This dataset consists of count and amount summary information on National Health Service Corps Scholars (NHSC SP), Loan Repayment award recipients (NHSC LRP), and Students to Service participants (S2S LRP). NHSC clinicians are part of a unique and nationally recognized family of clinicians that share a strong personal commitment to improving the health of the neediest communities in the U.S. NHSC clinicians practice community-based health care and treat the whole patient through health promotion, disease prevention, and continuity of care. They are a dedicated interdisciplinary team of caring health professionals: certified nurse-midwives, clinical or counseling psychologists, clinical social workers, dental hygienists, dentists, licensed professional counselors, marriage and family therapists, nurse practitioners, physician assistants, primary care physicians, and psychiatric nurse specialists. They provide culturally sensitive care in a wide range of settings-at community and migrant health centers, health care for the homeless clinics, and other public and private primary care delivery sites-in inner-city and rural communities nationwide.

**Purpose:** The purpose of the National Health Service Corps (NHSC) Participant Statistics dataset is to provide geographic summary information of count and amount of NHSC awards by year and program for the fact sheets (summary data about HRSA activities in each congressional district, county, state, HHS region, and nationwide.)

**Update Frequency:** Daily

**Usage Limitations:** None

**Originator:** HRSA, Bureau of Health Workforce (BHW), National Health Service Corps (NHSC)

**Distributor:** Health Resources and Services Administration

**Metadata Update Date:** 02/25/2017

## Data Sources

### National Health Service Corps (NHSC) Job Opportunities

**Description:** This data set consists of information on open National Health Service Corps (NHSC) job opportunities intended to improve access to health care services for people in areas where there is the highest need (e.g., low income, uninsured, isolated, or medically vulnerable). This data mart contains the most up-to-date data on jobs at NHSC sites for physicians, nurses, and other primary health care, dental care, and mental health care disciplines. The HRSA Data Warehouse also refers to this data as Health Profession Opportunity Locator (HPOL).

**Purpose:** This data set was compiled to increase transparency into the National Health Service Corps (NHSC) program and to offer NHSC job opportunities information free to the public via the HRSA Data Warehouse data fact sheet, data portal, report, mapping, and data download applications.

**Update Frequency:** Daily

**Usage Limitations:** None

**Originator:** HRSA, Bureau of Health Workforce (BHW), National Health Service Corps (NHSC)

**Distributor:** Health Resources and Services Administration

**Metadata Update Date:** 02/25/2017



## Data Sources

### National Health Service Corps (NHSC) Providers

**Description:** This dataset includes the location, discipline, and speciality of National Health Service Corps (NHSC) clinicians. The NHSC is committed to improving the health of underserved populations within our nation by uniting communities in need with caring health professionals and supporting community efforts toward building better systems of care. The NHSC provides comprehensive team-based health care that bridges geographic, financial, cultural, and language barriers. Through our combined efforts, we are seeking to provide access to care for upwards of 11 million Americans who might otherwise do without.

**Purpose:** This data set was compiled to increase transparency into the National Health Service Corps (NHSC) program and to offer NHSC clinician information free to the public via the HRSA Data Warehouse data fact sheet, data portal, report, and mapping applications.

**Update Frequency:** Daily

**Usage Limitations:** None

**Originator:** HRSA, Bureau of Health Workforce (BHW), National Health Service Corps (NHSC)

**Distributor:** Health Resources and Services Administration

**Metadata Update Date:** 02/25/2017

## Data Sources

### NURSE Corps Program (NCP)

**Description:** This dataset contains information on active participants in the NURSE Corps Scholarship Program (NCSP) and NURSE Corps Loan Repayor Program (NCLRP). Millions of Americans do not have access to health care because they live where there are not enough health professionals to meet basic needs. Shortages of health professionals suggest many more may soon find themselves unable to see a primary health care provider when they need one. HRSA scholarship and loan programs help to encourage and enable clinicians to work in underserved areas. Participants in the NCSP, also referred to as scholars, are either in school or serving in the field; and participants in the NCLRP program, also referred to as loan repayors, are serving in the field. When serving, the scholars and loan repayors are fulfilling their service requirement at facilities which are located in shortage areas.

**Purpose:** This dataset was assembled and included in the HRSA Data Warehouse (HDW) in order to provide context for current HRSA activities with regard to nursing scholarships and loans, and to provide data supporting the analytical responsibilities of HRSA. The HDW provides free data and tools to the public which allow users to interact with data in charts, tables/reports, maps, and tools.

**Update Frequency:** Daily

**Usage Limitations:** None

**Originator:** HRSA, Bureau of Health Workforce (BHW), Division of Nursing and Public Health

**Distributor:** Health Resources and Services Administration

**Metadata Update Date:** 05/01/2016

## Data Sources

### Organ Procurement Organization (OPO) State Registries

**Description:** This dataset consists of state-level Organ Procurement Organizations (OPO) and their associated Organ Transplantation Centers (OTC). This data comes from the Organ Procurement and Transplantation Network (OPTN). The OPTN is a unified transplant network established by the U.S. Congress under the National Organ Transplant Act (NOTA) of 1984 and is operated by a private, non-profit organization under federal contract.

**Purpose:** This dataset was created to increase facilitate electronic dissemination of the most up-to-date state registry website addresses for the HRSA, Healthcare Systems Bureau (HSB), Division of Transplantation.

**Update Frequency:** Monthly

**Usage Limitations:** None

**Originator:** HRSA, Healthcare Systems Bureau (HSB), Division of Transplantation; United Network for Organ Sharing (UNOS)

**Distributor:** Health Resources and Services Administration

**Metadata Update Date:** 07/28/2017

## Data Sources

### Organ Procurement Organizations

**Description:** This dataset lists the organ procurement organizations (OPOs) responsible for the evaluation and procurement of deceased-donor organs for transplantation. The Organ Procurement and Transplantation Network (OPTN), is the unified transplant network established by the United States Congress under the National Organ Transplant Act (NOTA) of 1984 to be operated by a private, non-profit organization under federal contract.

**Purpose:** This dataset was created to increase transparency into the HRSA, Healthcare Systems Bureau (HSB), Division of Transplantation programs and to be a resource for those looking to extend and enhance the lives of individuals with end-stage organ failure for whom an organ transplant is the most appropriate therapeutic treatment.

**Update Frequency:** Semi-annually

**Usage Limitations:** None

**Originator:** HRSA, Healthcare Systems Bureau (HSB), Division of Transplantation; United Network for Organ Sharing (UNOS)

**Distributor:** Health Resources and Services Administration

**Metadata Update Date:** 07/28/2017

## Data Sources

### Organ Procurement Organizations - Office Locations

**Description:** This dataset lists the office locations of individual organ procurement organizations (OPOs). The Organ Procurement and Transplantation Network (OPTN), is the unified transplant network established by the United States Congress under the National Organ Transplant Act (NOTA) of 1984 to be operated by a private, non-profit organization under federal contract.

**Purpose:** This dataset was created to increase transparency into the HRSA, Healthcare Systems Bureau (HSB), Division of Transplantation programs and to be a resource for those looking to extend and enhance the lives of individuals with end-stage organ failure for whom an organ transplant is the most appropriate therapeutic treatment.

**Update Frequency:** Semi-annually

**Usage Limitations:** None

**Originator:** HRSA, Healthcare Systems Bureau (HSB), Division of Transplantation; United Network for Organ Sharing (UNOS)

**Distributor:** Health Resources and Services Administration

**Metadata Update Date:** 07/28/2017

## Data Sources

### Organ Procurement Organizations - Service Areas

**Description:** This dataset identifies the county areas that individual organ procurement organizations (OPOs) service and the contact information for each organ procurement organization (OPO). The Organ Procurement and Transplantation Network (OPTN), is the unified transplant network established by the United States Congress under the National Organ Transplant Act (NOTA) of 1984 to be operated by a private, non-profit organization under federal contract.

**Purpose:** This dataset was created to increase transparency into the HRSA, Healthcare Systems Bureau (HSB), Division of Transplantation programs and to be a resource for those looking to extend and enhance the lives of individuals with end-stage organ failure for whom an organ transplant is the most appropriate therapeutic treatment.

**Update Frequency:** Semi-annually

**Usage Limitations:** None

**Originator:** HRSA, Healthcare Systems Bureau (HSB), Division of Transplantation; United Network for Organ Sharing (UNOS)

**Distributor:** Health Resources and Services Administration

**Metadata Update Date:** 07/28/2017

## Data Sources

### Organ Transplant Programs

**Description:** This dataset contains the name, address, telephone number, and website address for the more than 250 Organ Transplantation Centers (OTC) located throughout the United States. It also provides an indication of which organs each center transplants.

**Purpose:** This dataset was created to increase transparency into the HRSA, Healthcare Systems Bureau (HSB), Division of Transplantation, Division of Transplantation programs and to be a resource for those looking to extend and enhance the lives of individuals with end-stage organ failure for whom an organ transplant is the most appropriate therapeutic treatment.

**Update Frequency:** Semi-annually

**Usage Limitations:** None

**Originator:** HRSA, Healthcare Systems Bureau (HSB), Division of Transplantation; United Network for Organ Sharing (UNOS)

**Distributor:** Health Resources and Services Administration

**Metadata Update Date:** 07/28/2017

## Data Sources

### Organ Transplant Statistics

**Description:** This dataset shows the numbers of organ transplants performed over years.

**Purpose:** This dataset was created to increase transparency into the HRSA, Healthcare Systems Bureau (HSB), Division of Transplantation programs and to be a resource for those looking to extend and enhance the lives of individuals with end-stage organ failure for whom an organ transplant is the most appropriate therapeutic treatment.

**Update Frequency:** Annually

**Usage Limitations:** None

**Originator:** HRSA, Healthcare Systems Bureau (HSB), Division of Transplantation; United Network for Organ Sharing (UNOS)

**Distributor:** Health Resources and Services Administration

**Metadata Update Date:** 07/28/2017



## Data Sources

### Primary Care Service Areas (PCSA)

**Description:** These data are based on 2010 census tract geography and the data are used by health policy makers and researchers to provide information about primary care resources and populations within small standardized areas that reflect patient utilization patterns nationwide.

**Purpose:** The goal of the Primary Care Service Area (PCSA) Project is to provide information about primary care resources and populations within small standardized areas that reflect patient utilization patterns, based on Medicare utilization data. The first version of the PCSAs was developed by aggregating 1990 U.S. Postal Service (USPS) Zone Improvement Plan (ZIP) codes into PCSAs (Goodman, et al., Health Services Research, 2003, Vol. 38, pp 287-309). The second version of the PCSAs (2.1) used more recent (1999 Medicare and 2000 Census) data, and was developed by aggregating 2000 Census ZIP-code tabulation areas (ZCTAs) (<http://www.census.gov/geo/reference/zctas.html>). The current, third version of the PCSAs (3.1) was developed using 2009 Medicare utilization data and by aggregating groups of 2010 census tracts. The definition of PCSA boundaries and the description of these areas are contained within a database linked to an Internet-based geographic information system (GIS) to allow federal, state, and academic users easy access.

**Update Frequency:** As Required

**Usage Limitations:** None

**Originator:** The Dartmouth Institute for Health Policy & Clinical Practice (TDI)

**Distributor:** Health Resources and Services Administration

**Metadata Update Date:** 06/19/2015

## Data Sources

### Ryan White HIV/AIDS Medical Providers

**Description:** This dataset lists medical providers within the Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program (RWHAP) who currently provide medical services for low-income people living with HIV (PLWH). The RWHAP provides a comprehensive system of HIV primary medical care, medications, and essential support services to low-income people living with HIV (PLWH). The Program funds grants to cities/counties, states, and local community-based organizations to provide HIV care and treatment services to more than half a million people each year.

**Purpose:** The Ryan White HIV/AIDS Medical Providers data set contains location and contact information for primary medical care and essential support services. These data are included in the HRSA Data Warehouse to provide information for persons looking for places to obtain assistance (<https://findhivcare.hrsa.gov> or <https://locator.aids.gov>) and for others interested in service locations.

**Update Frequency:** Annually

**Usage Limitations:** None

**Originator:** HRSA, HIV/AIDS Bureau (HAB)

**Distributor:** Health Resources and Services Administration

**Metadata Update Date:** 05/25/2017

## Data Sources

### Ryan White HIV/AIDS Recipients and Sub-Recipients

**Description:** This dataset lists the recipients and sub-recipients of Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program (RWHAP) funding and medical providers within the RWHAP who currently provide medical services for low-income people living with HIV (PLWH). The RWHAP provides a comprehensive system of HIV primary medical care, medications, and essential support services to low-income people living with HIV (PLWH). The Program funds grants to cities/counties, states, and local community-based organizations to provide HIV care and treatment services to more than half a million people each year.

**Purpose:** This data set was compiled to increase transparency into the Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program by providing information free to the public via the HRSA Data Warehouse data portal, report, mapping, and data download applications.

**Update Frequency:** As Required

**Usage Limitations:** None

**Originator:** HRSA, HIV/AIDS Bureau (HAB)

**Distributor:** Health Resources and Services Administration

**Metadata Update Date:** 05/12/2017

## Data Sources

### Veterans Health Administration (VHA) Facilities

**Description:** This data mart contains information on Veteran Affairs hospitals, Veteran Affairs residential rehabilitation treatment programs, Veteran Affairs Nursing Home Care Units (NHCU), Veteran Affairs Outpatient Clinics, Vet Centers, and Veteran Affairs Medical Centers. It should not include planned and suspended (non-operational) sites and mobile clinics. These definitions were set by the Veterans Health Administration (VHA) Policy Board in December 1998 and are the basis for defining the category and the additional service types for each VHA service site. These definitions cover sites generally owned by the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) with the exception of leased and contracted community-based outpatient clinics (CBOCs).

**Purpose:** This dataset was assembled and included in the HRSA Data Warehouse (HDW) in order to provide context for current HRSA activities with regard to Veteran Affairs medical facilities, and to provide data supporting the analytical responsibilities of HRSA. The HDW provides free data and tools to the public that allow users to interact with data in charts, tables/reports, maps, and tools.

**Update Frequency:** Annually

**Usage Limitations:** None

**Originator:** U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs (VA)

**Distributor:** Health Resources and Services Administration

**Metadata Update Date:** 06/10/2016

## Data Sources

### ZIP Codes

**Description:** This dataset contains the nine-digit codes used by the United States Postal Service to facilitate the delivery of mail. These nine-digit codes are printed directly after the address.

**Purpose:** This dataset was assembled and included in the HRSA Data Warehouse (HDW) in order to provide context for current HRSA activities and to provide geographic data supporting the analytical responsibilities of HRSA. The HDW provides free data and tools to the public which allow users to interact with data in charts, tables/reports, maps, and tools.

**Update Frequency:** As Required

**Usage Limitations:** The datasets included within Esri Data & Maps are subject to varying redistribution rights that have been granted by Esri's third party data suppliers; ZIP Code data is provided to Esri by TomTom. Redistribution rights are granted by the data vendor for hard-copy renditions or static, electronic map images (e.g. .gif, .jpeg, etc.) that are plotted, printed, or publicly displayed with proper metadata and source/copyright attribution to the respective data vendor(s).

**Originator:** Esri

**Distributor:** Health Resources and Services Administration

**Metadata Update Date:** 07/28/2017